His 4815, Modern Ireland Mid-Term Exam Review March 6, 2012

Part 1. (20%) Geographic Essay. Draw a map (freehand in your exam booklet) of Ireland and note Connacht, Munster, Leinster, and Ulster and six other political or physical (geographical) features. Then write one strong, brief essay (one long, or two shorter paragraphs) comparing and contrasting two of the regions, historically, before 1850. In your essay comment on other political or physical referents (at least 4 in each province, or 8 beyond the names of the provinces). [Map should have 10 labeled items or the whole island; essay should have 10 descriptions within two provinces (using a place name, locating it relationally to other places, and, defining its significance.)

Part 2. (20%) Multiple-choice, short-answer, and matching focusing on the following.

- Surrender and Regrant
- Flight of the Earls
- 9 Year's War (Tyrone’s Rebellion)
- Ulster Rising 1641
- Kilkenny Confederation
- Drogueda/Wexford 1649
- Cromwellian Settlement
- Battle of the Boyne
- Treaty of Limerick
- Penal code
- Protestant Ascendancy
- Poyning’s Law and Declaratory Act
- Orange Order
- Volunteers (18th century)
- Grattan’s Parliament
- Society of United Irishmen
- 1798 Rebellion
- Act(s) of Union
- Catholic Association
- Catholic Emancipation
- Repeal Association (of Union)
- The Nation
- Repeal of the Corn Laws
- Young Ireland
- Great Hunger
- Board of Works
- Emigration
- Fenian Brotherhood
- Clan na Gael
- Home Rule and Home Rule bills
- Land League

Part 3. (20%) Matching time, place, and issue(s) most associated with the following (study their background, their achievements, their significance in Irish history).

- James II
- Jonathan Swift
- Henry Grattan
- Wolfe Tone
- Daniel O’Connell
- Arthur Wellesley, duke of Wellington
- Sir Robert Peel
- Charles Gavan Duffy
- Isaac Butt

Part 4. (40%) Two of the following three questions will be listed from which you will select one of the following questions as the basis for a well-constructed essay. Define your terms, make an argument, and give specific evidence to back that argument. The evidence–declarations, actions, general social or economic movements–should be explained to show how it "fits" (or proves) your argument. (You should have an argument in the introductory paragraph and at least four paragraphs based on sets of specific evidence.)

1) “Religion has kept the Irish away from independence more than it has pushed them towards it.” Comment on the truth or falsity of this statement focusing on the period between the Flight of the Earls and the Great Famine.

2) Was there an Irish nation before 1860? If so, on what was it based? If not, what factors were lacking?

3) Did the Irish Famine change the Irish political equation? Compare and contrast Irish politics (defined broadly as mobilization to affect government policies) 1798-1845 with those of 1845-1900. What had changed? What remained the same?