

Ancien Régime Functioning

- a. Trade (from exploration to trade, from luxury goods to bulk) [Brummett, ch. 17, pp. 492-496]
 - i. triangle trade and state development (Financial Revolution)
 - ii. stock-exchanges and joint-stock companies
 - iii. roots of industrial revolution in England
 - (1) North Sea merchants, 17th century
 - (2) Britain from 1707
 - iv. mercantilism towards capitalism
 - b. War [Brummett, ch. 17, pp. 516-520]
 - i. Nine Years' War (War of English Succession) (1689-1697)
 - ii. War of Spanish Succession (1700-1713)
 - iii. War of Austrian Succession (1740-1748)
 - iv. Seven Years' War (1756-1763)
 - c. Empire (from H.R.E. to Louis XIV, to British Empire)
 - i. Britain and France as colonial/imperial rivals [Brummett, ch. 17, pp. 502-506, 512-516]
 - (1) two types of government
 - (2) two empires
 - ii. Prussia [Brummett, ch. 17, pp. 508-510]
 - iii. Russia [Brummett, ch. 17, pp. 510-512]
2. *Ancien Régime* Attacked [Brummett, ch. 18, pp. 532-539]
- a. Prologue: Scientific Revolution
 - i. Aristotelian-Xtian Cosmos
 - ii. The Change
 - (1) Copernicus to Galileo
 - (2) Newtonian Synthesis
 - iii. Reasons for Change
 - iv. Impact on Society
 - b. *Ecrasez l'infame* (Attack on Conventions and Progress)
 - i. against priestcraft and faith
 - c. Laws of Human Society (search for Newtonian laws of society)
 - i. *Encyclopedie*, Leibniz, and Condorcet (1793)
 - d. not against the monarchical state
 - e. Social component: how did Enlightenment thought spread?