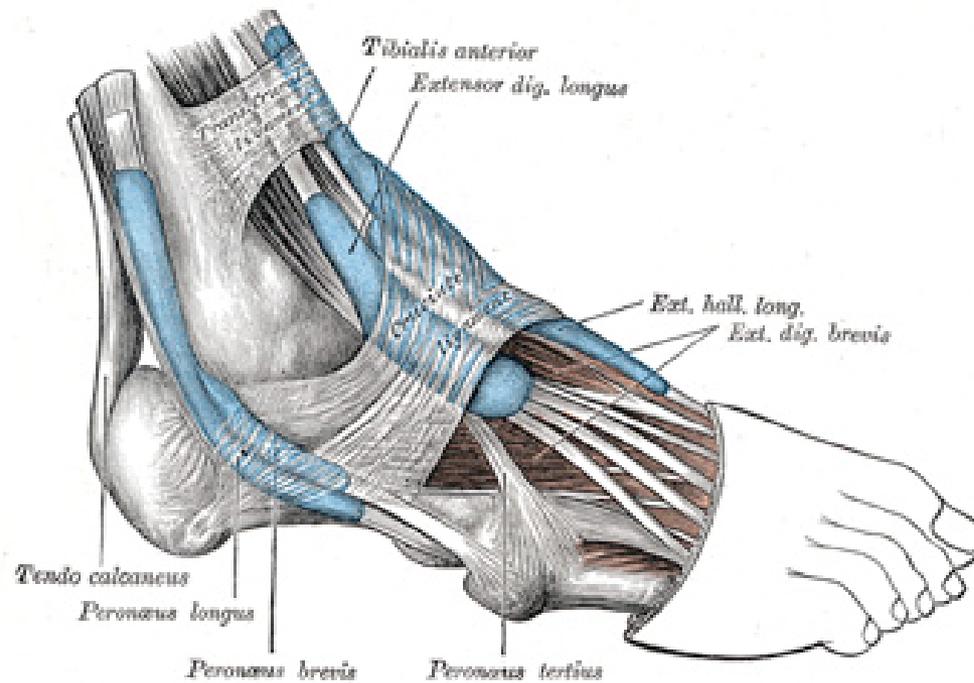
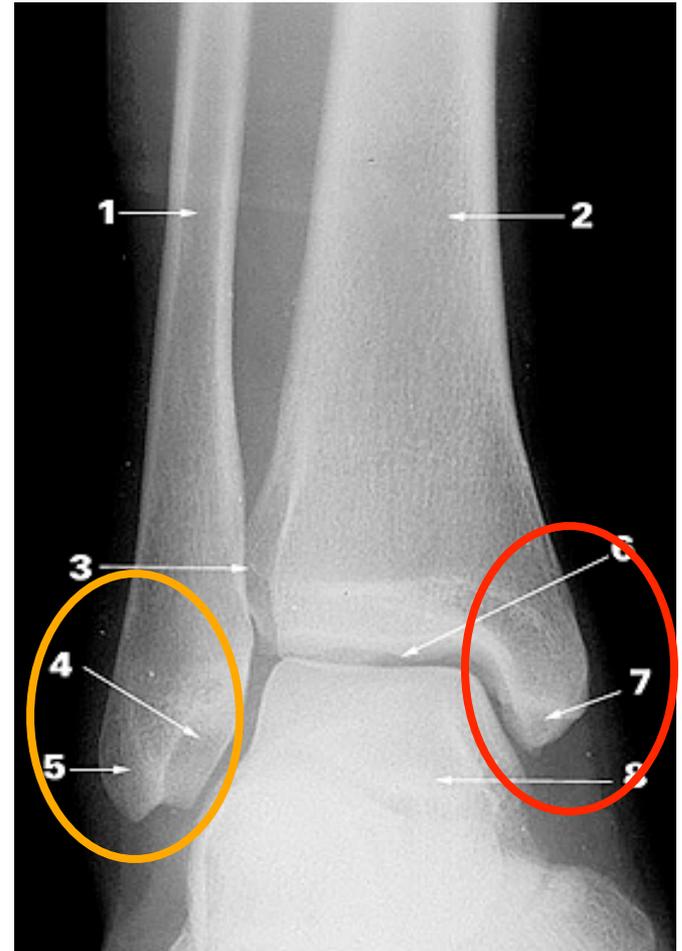


THE ANKLE AND FOOT



BONES

- A. Tibia
 - medial malleolus
- B. Fibula
 - lateral malleolus



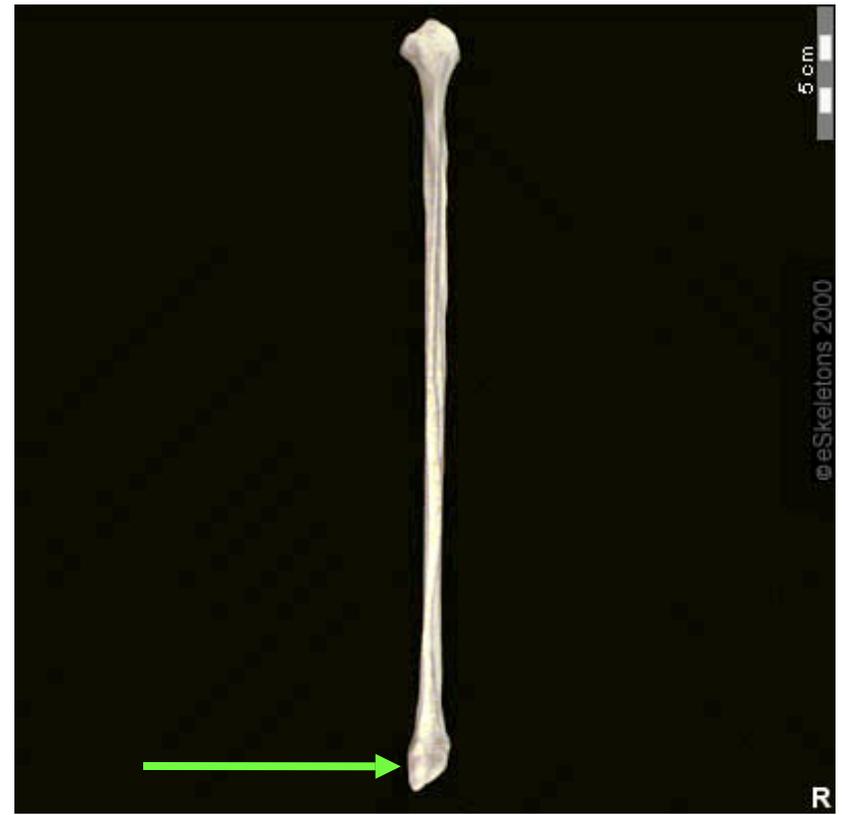
Tibia

- Medial Malleolus



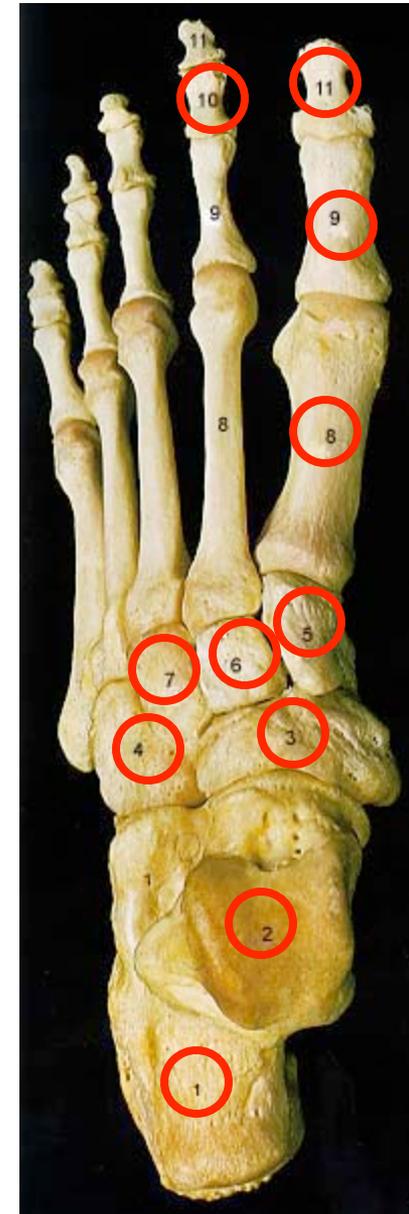
Fibula

- Lateral malleolus

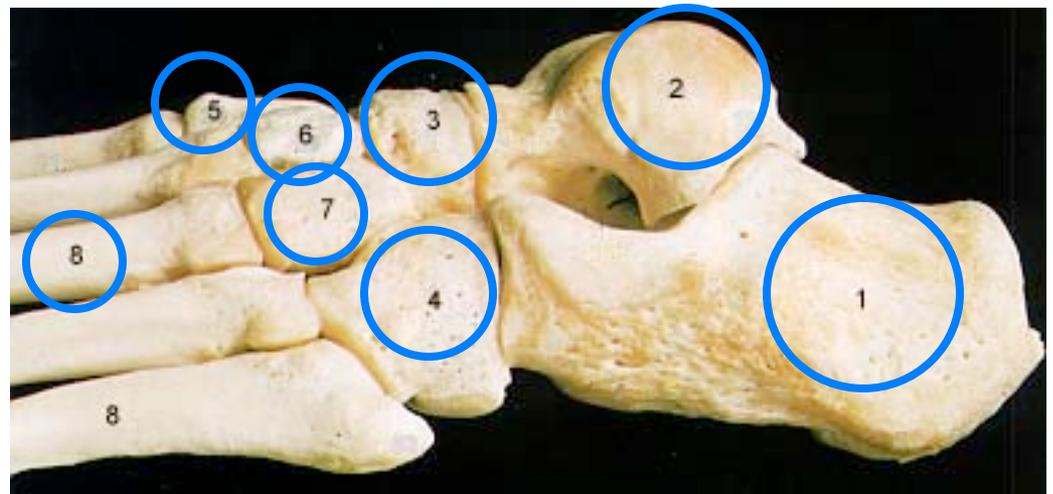


BONES OF THE FOOT

- Tarsal bones
 - 1. Calcaneous
 - 2. Talus
 - 3. Navicular
 - 4. Cuboid (lateral, articulates with 4 and 5 metatarsals)
 - 5-7. Cuneiforms (medial, intermedial and lateral; articulate w/ 1-3 metatarsals)
- 8. Metatarsals (1-5 from the medial to lateral side)
- 9-11. Phalanges (distal, middle, proximal)



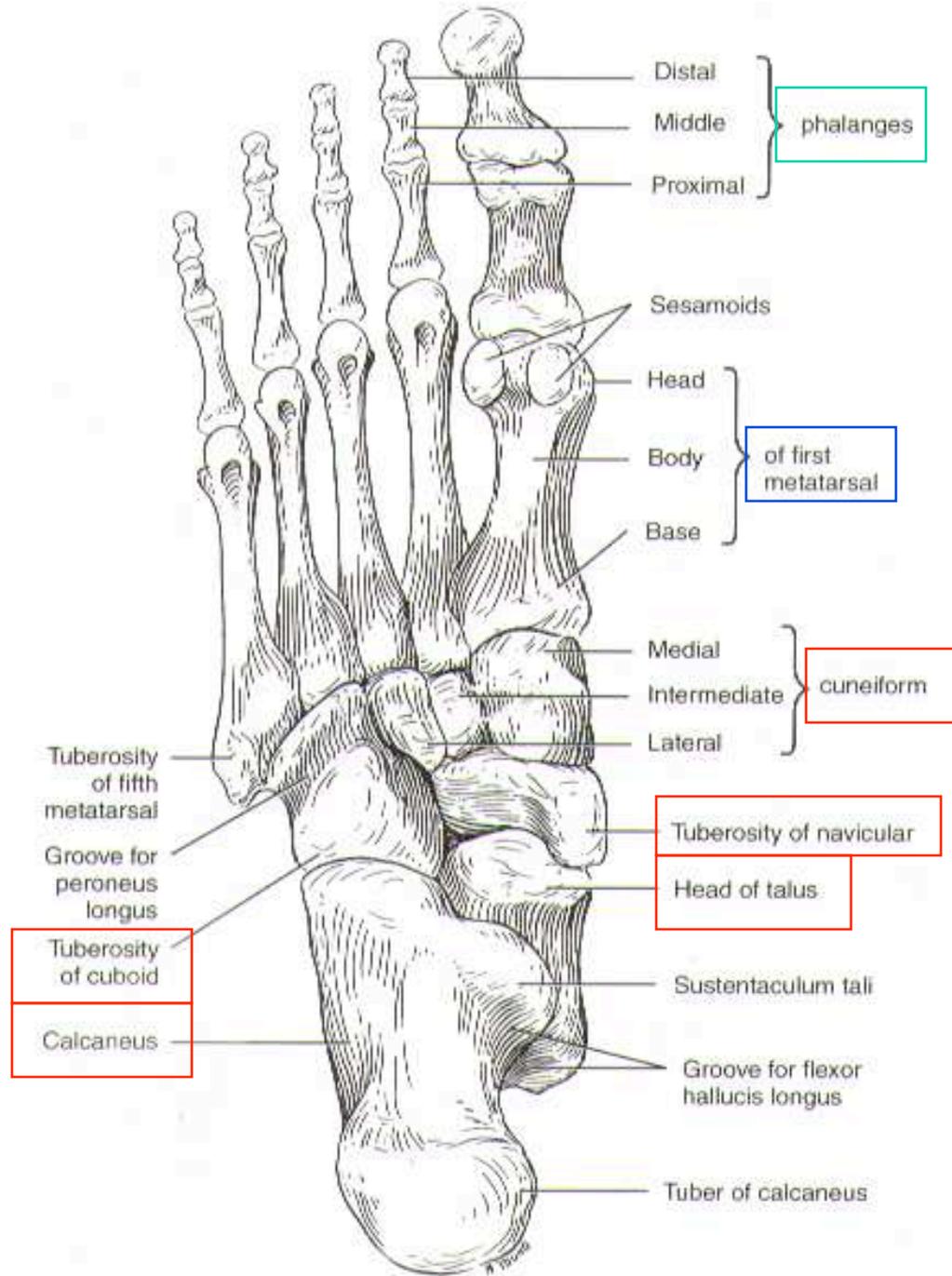
- Tarsal bones
 - 1. Calcaneus
 - 2. Talus
 - 3. Navicular
 - 4. Cuboid (lateral, articulates with 4 and 5 metatarsals)
 - 5-7. Cuneiforms (medial, intermedial and lateral; articulate w/ 1-3 metatarsals)
- 8. Metatarsals (1-5 from the medial to lateral side)
- 9. Phalanges



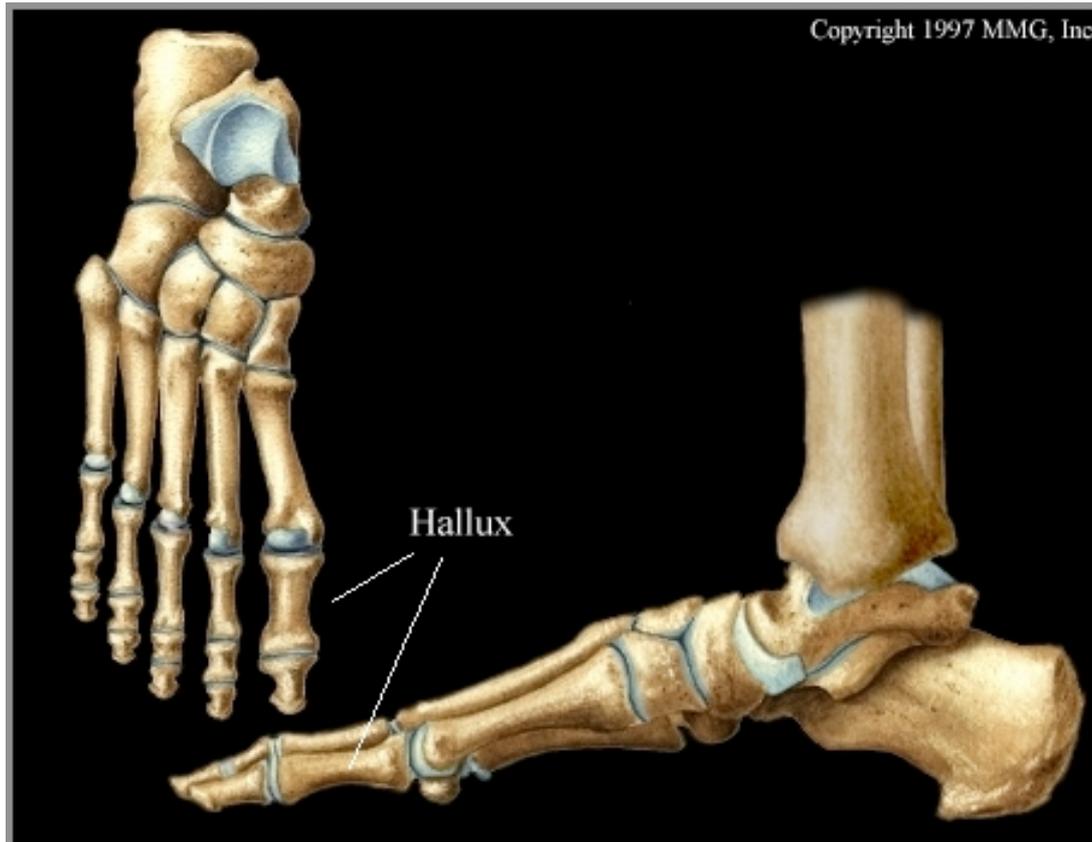
Phalanges

Metatarsals

Tarsal bones



Hallux or Great Toe

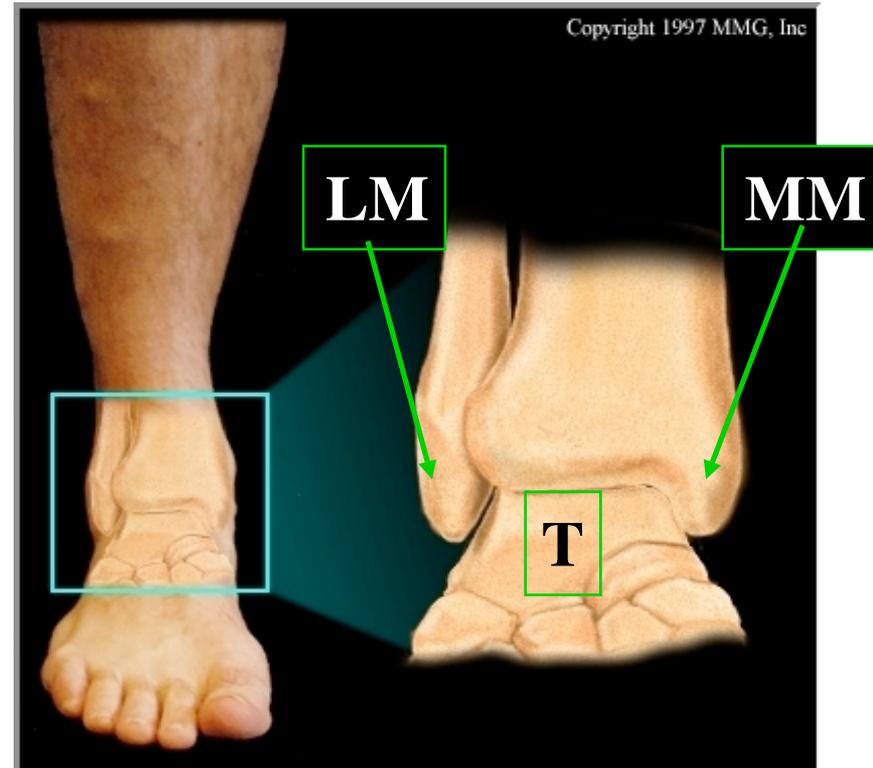


What's wrong with this picture?



JOINTS

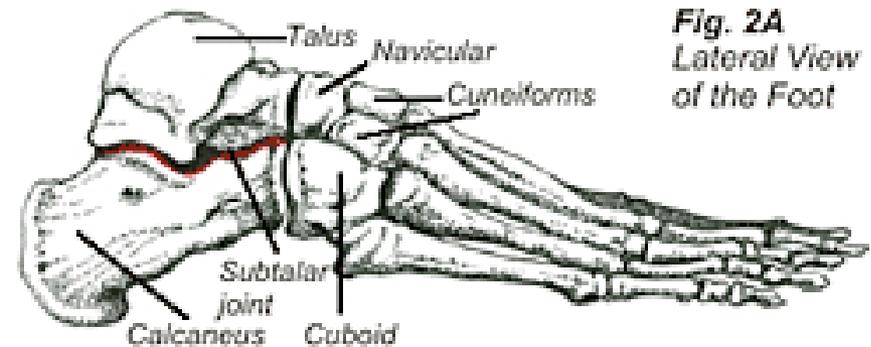
- 33 joints and 26 bones.
- Two major joints
- 1. The Ankle Joint**
- A hinge joint which is formed by the articulation of the TALUS with the MALLEOLI of the tibia and fibula.
- Planter flexion and dorsal flexion primarily occur here.



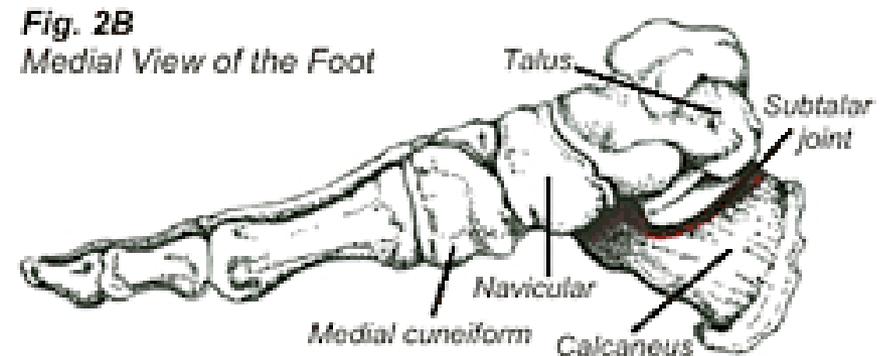
JOINTS

2. Subtalar Joint

- Articulation between the TALUS and CALCANEUS.
- Inversion and eversion primarily occur here.

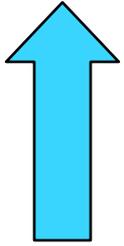


*Fig. 2A
Lateral View
of the Foot*



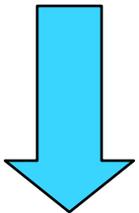
*Fig. 2B
Medial View of the Foot*

MOVEMENTS



Dorsal flexion
[15-20°]

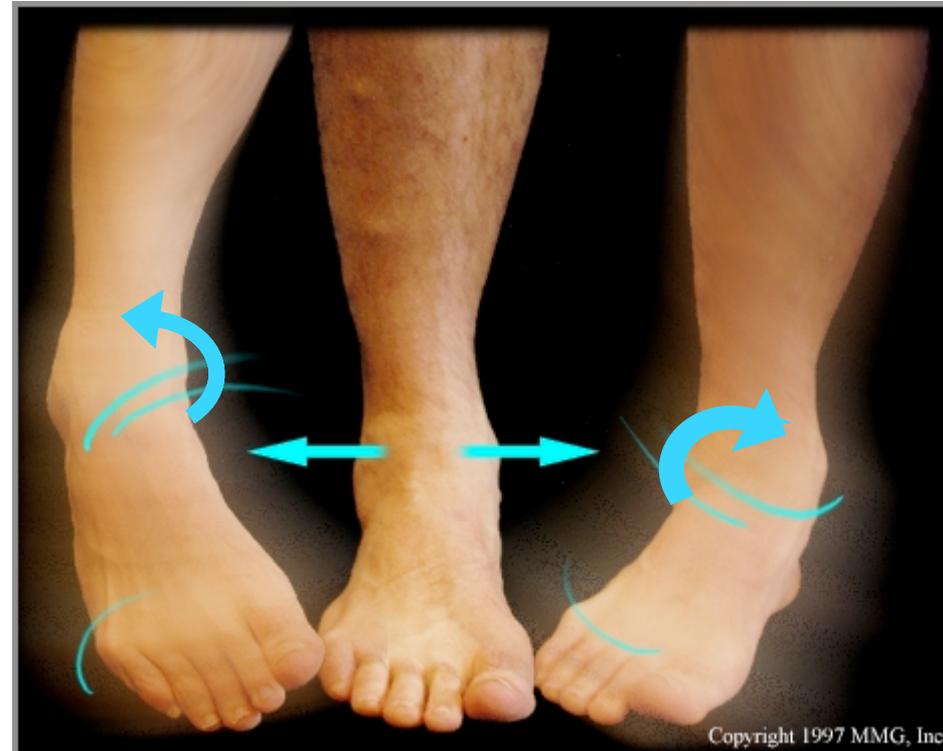
Plantar flexion
[50°]



Copyright 1997 MMG, Inc

MOVEMENTS

- **Inversion** - raising medial border (20-30°)
 - Supination is similar to Inversion + plantar flexion + adduction (toe in)
- **Eversion** - raising lateral border (5-15°)
 - Pronation is similar to Eversion + dorsal flexion + abduction (toe out)

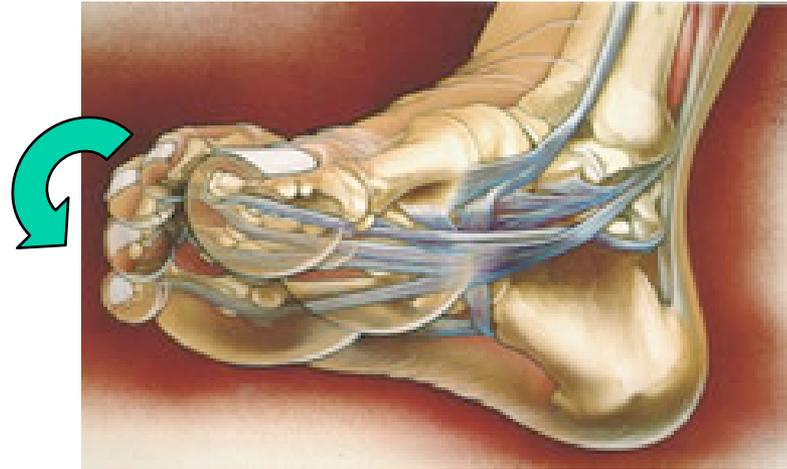


Inversion

Eversion

MOVEMENTS

- Toe flexion



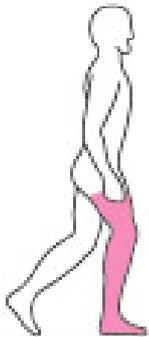
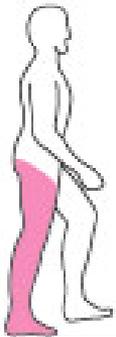
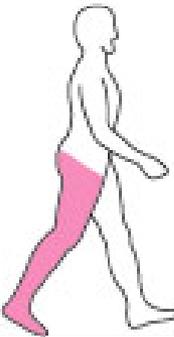
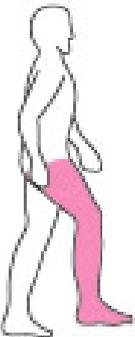
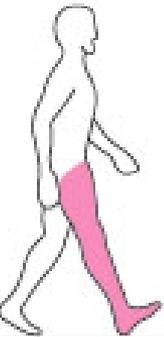
- Toe extension



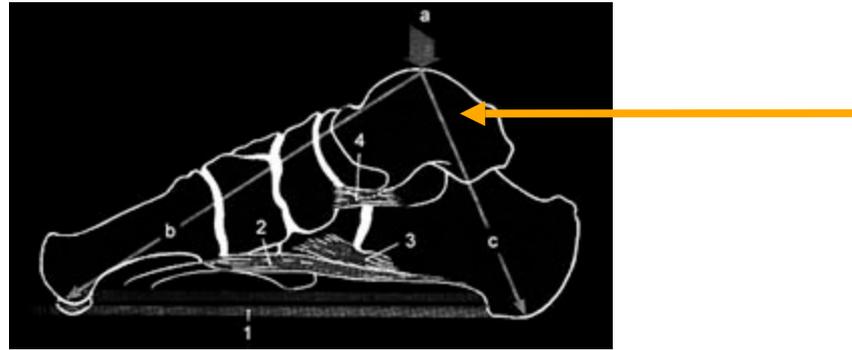
Movements

- Supination
 - Plantar flexion
 - Inversion
 - Forefoot adduction (toe-in)
- Pronation
 - Dorsiflexion
 - Eversion
 - Forefoot abduction (toe-out)

Walking Gait Cycle

Stance Phase (60% of total)					Swing Phase		
							
Initial Contact (heel contact)	Loading Response	Midstance	Terminal Stance	Pre Swing (toe-off)	Initial Swing	Midswing	Terminal Swing
External Rotation of Tibia	Internal Rotation of Tibia			External Rotation of Tibia			
Supination	Pronation			Supination			

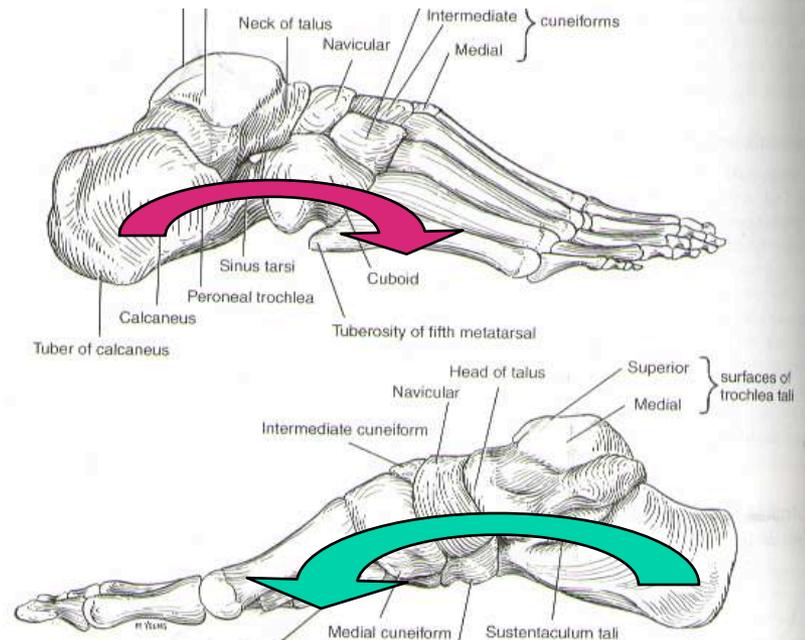
STRUCTURE OF THE FOOT



- The foot as a whole is usually described as an elastic arched structure, the keystone of the arch being the talus.
- The talus receives and transmit the entire weight of the body.

ARCHES

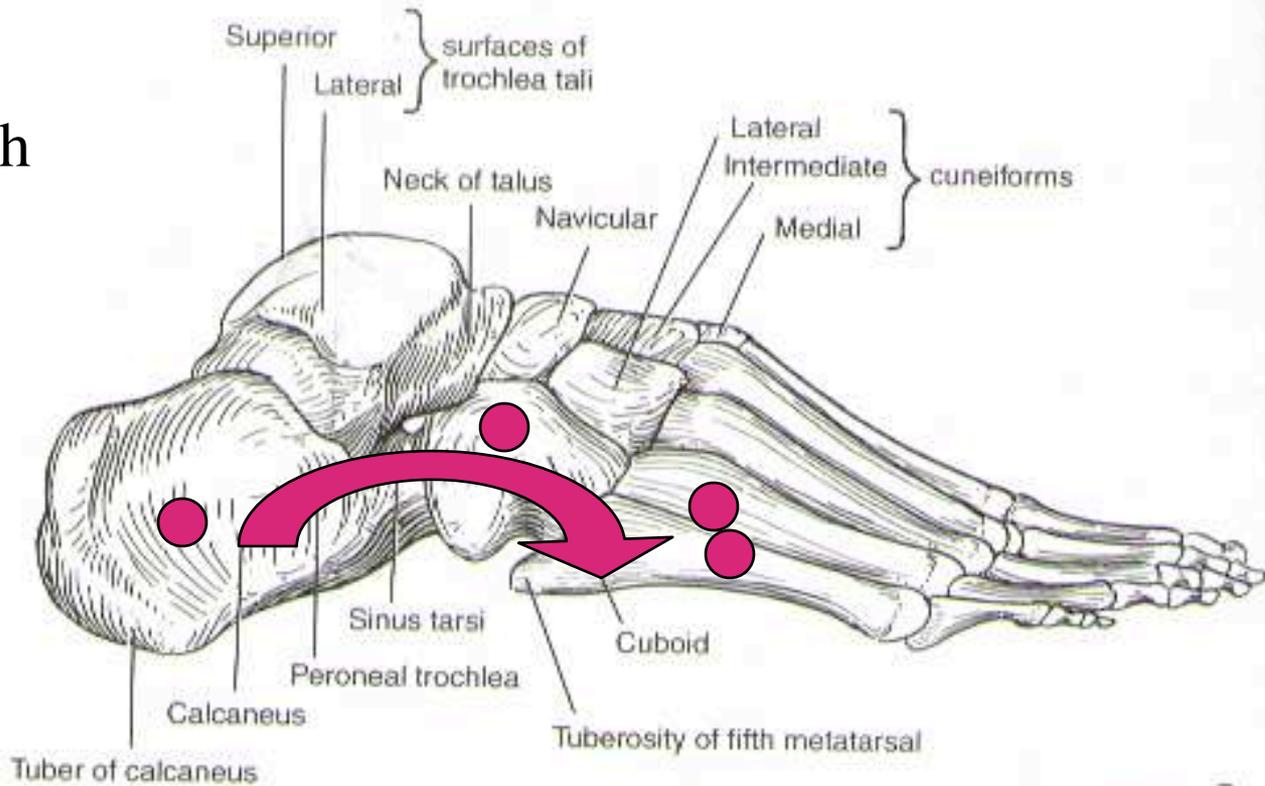
Lateral longitudinal arch



Medial longitudinal arch

- Longitudinal arches
 - **Lateral longitudinal arch** - calcaneous, cuboid, and 4 and 5 metatarsals.
 - **Medial longitudinal arch** - calcaneous, talus, navicular, 3 cuneiforms, 3 med. metatarsals

Lateral Arch



Medial Arch

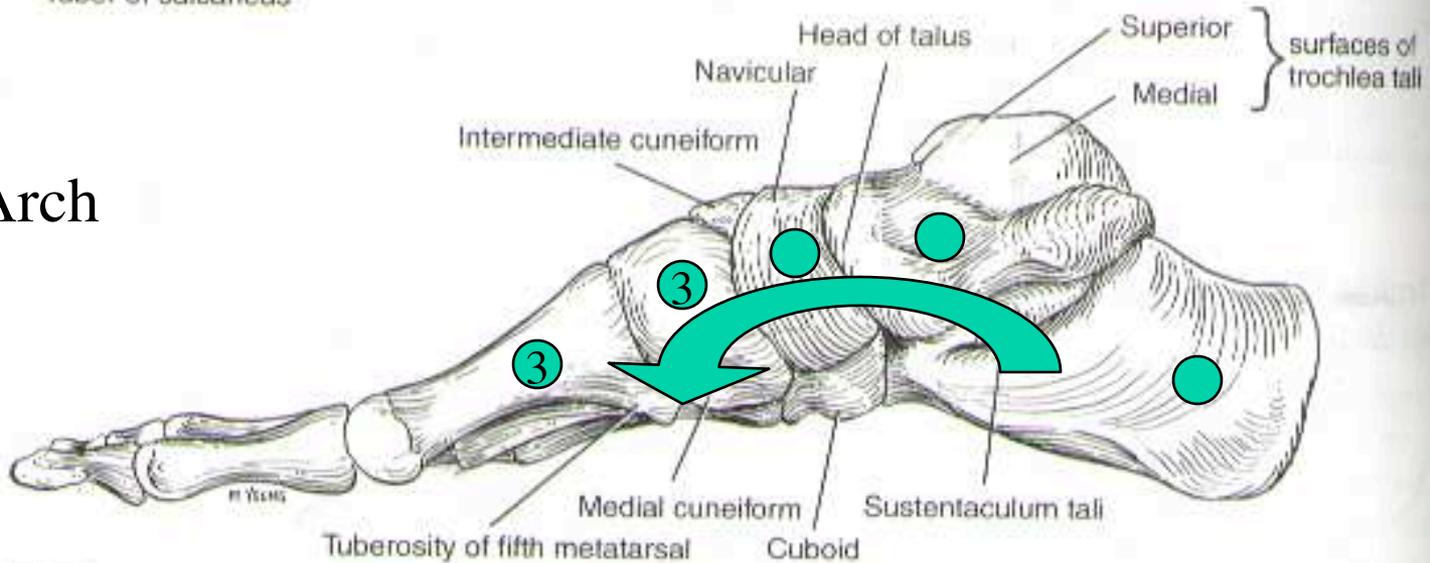
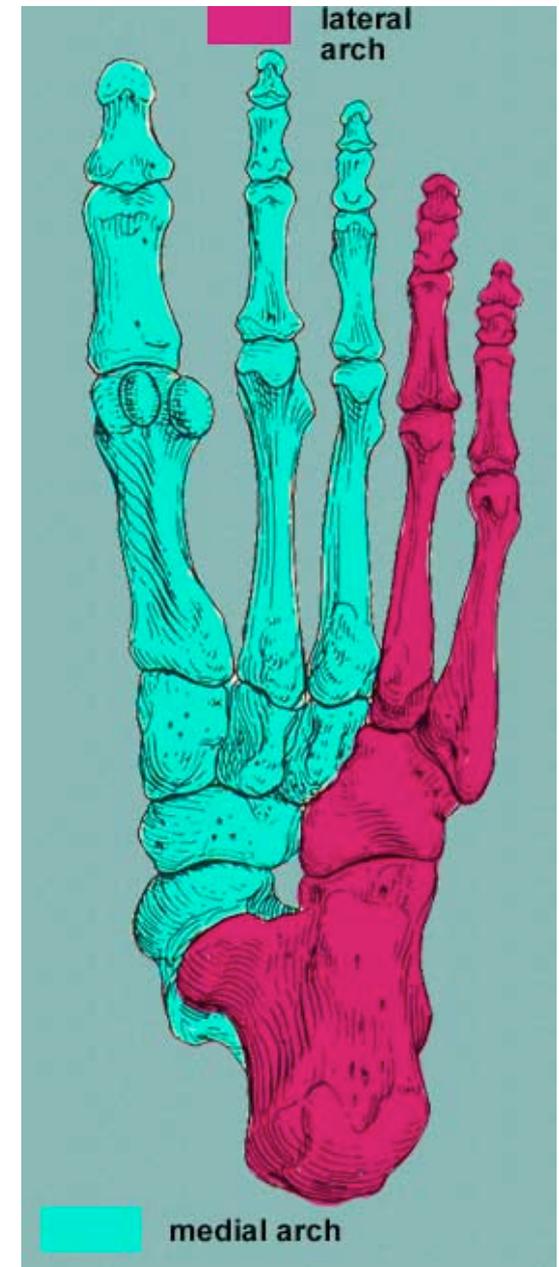
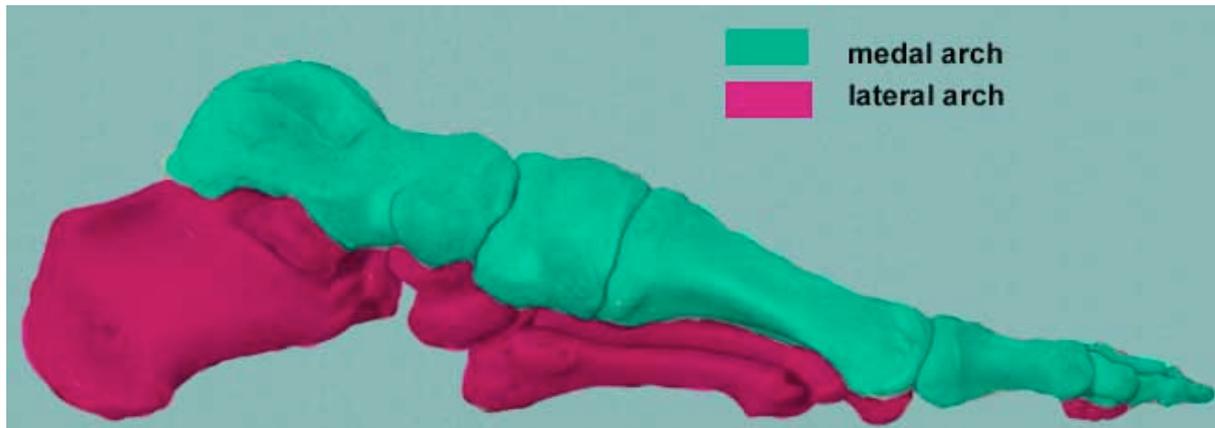
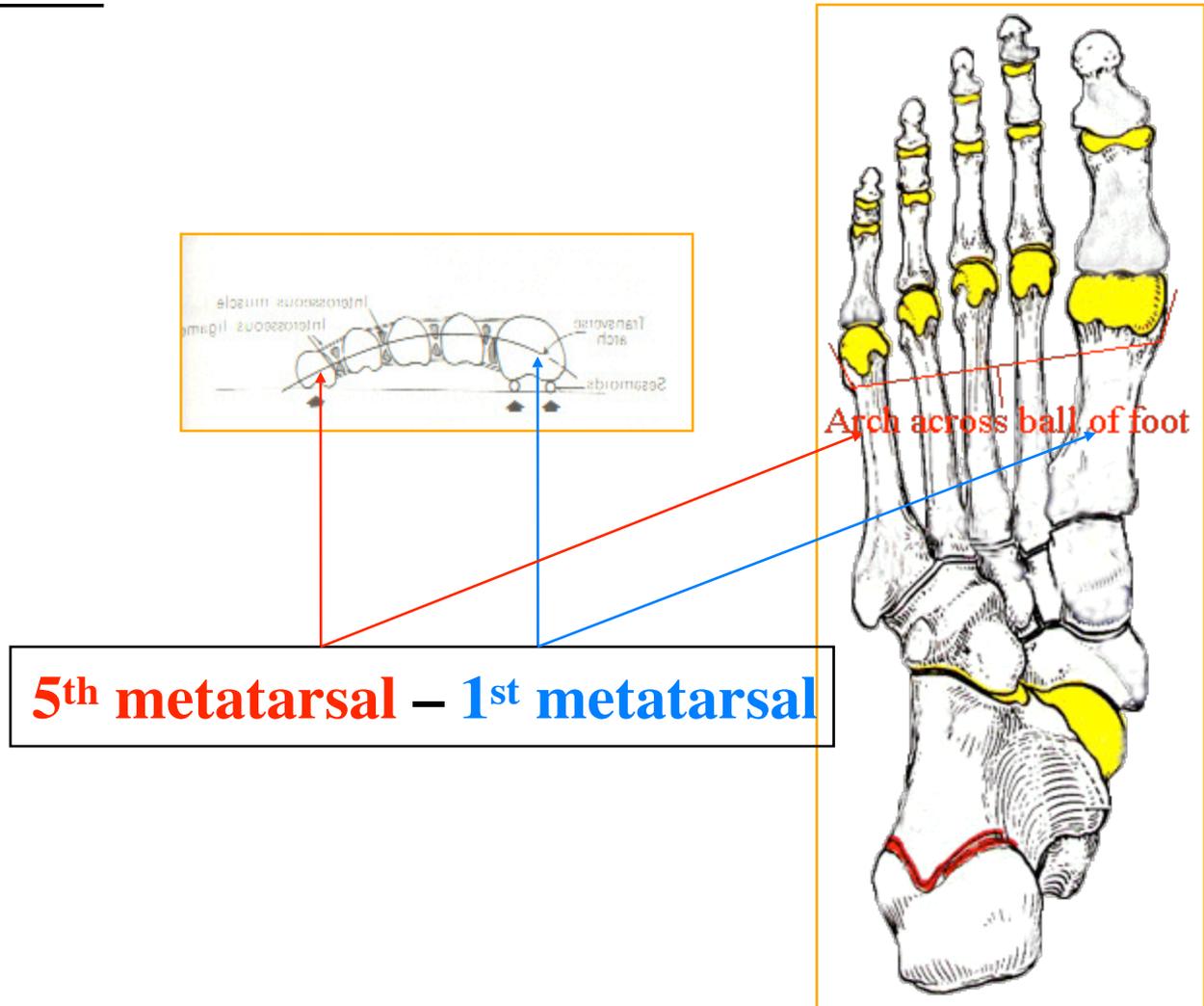


FIGURE 20-2

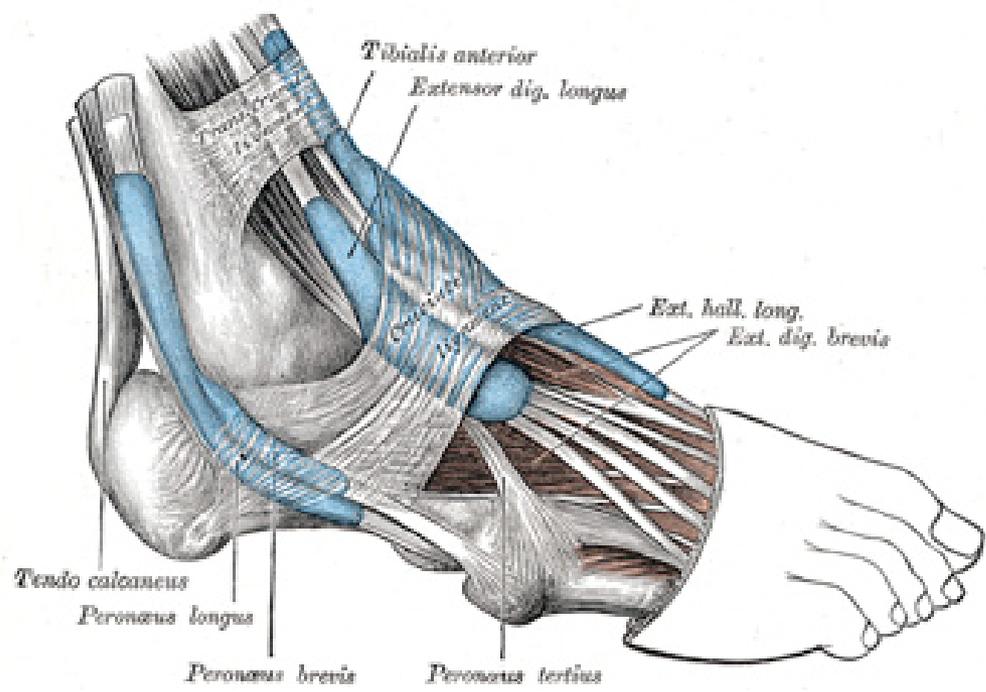
- Longitudinal arches
- Lateral - calcaneus, cuboid, and 4th and 5th metatarsals.
- Medial - calcaneus, talus, navicular, 3 cuneiforms, 3 medial metatarsals



Transverse arch - anterior tarsal bones and the metatarsals.

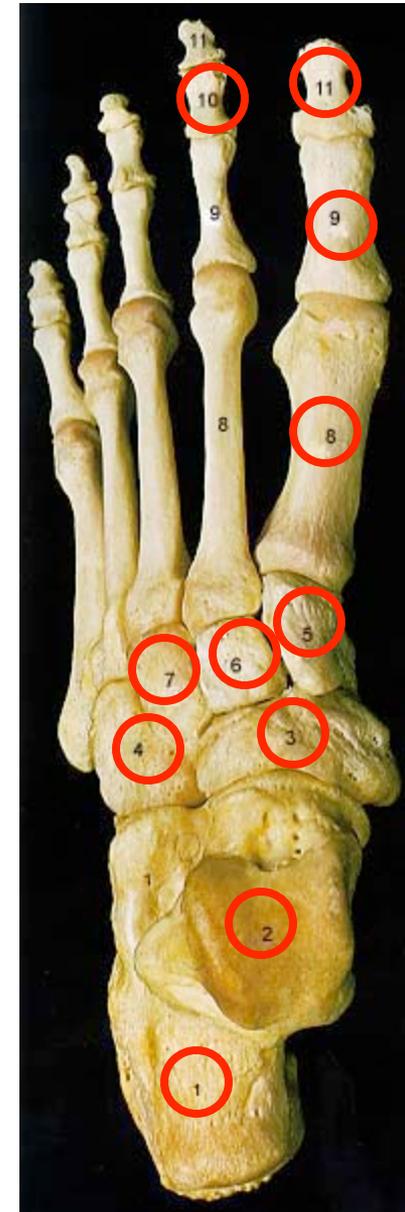


REVIEW of the ANKLE and FOOT



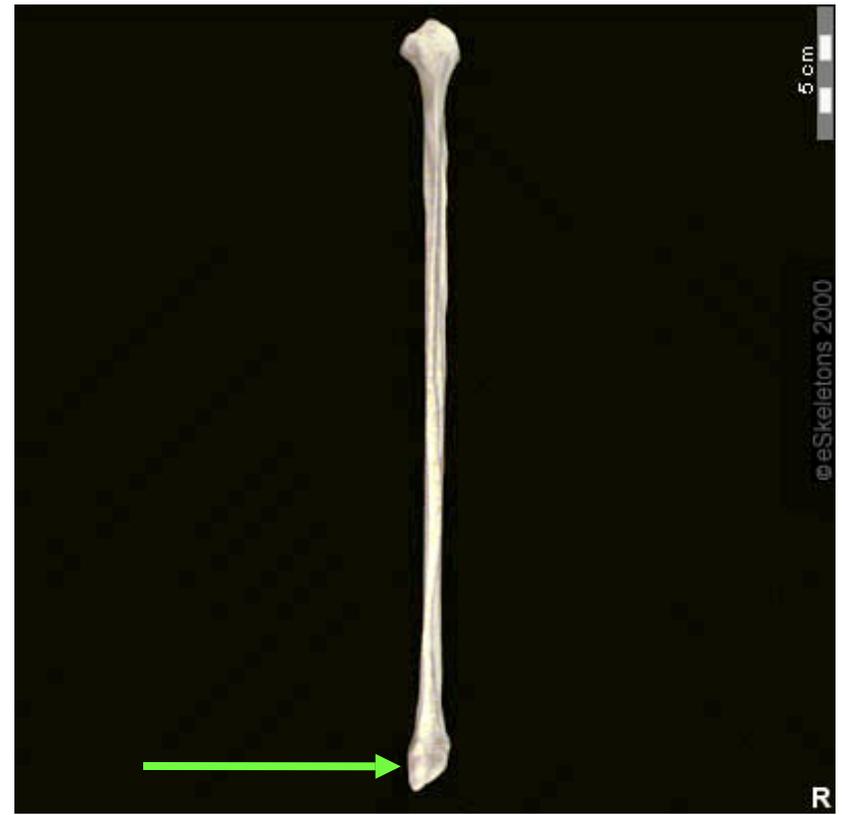
- 1 is the...?
- Calcaneous
- 2 is the...?
- Talus
- 3 is the...?
- Navicular
- 4 is the...?
- Cuboid
- 5 is the...?
- First Cuneiform

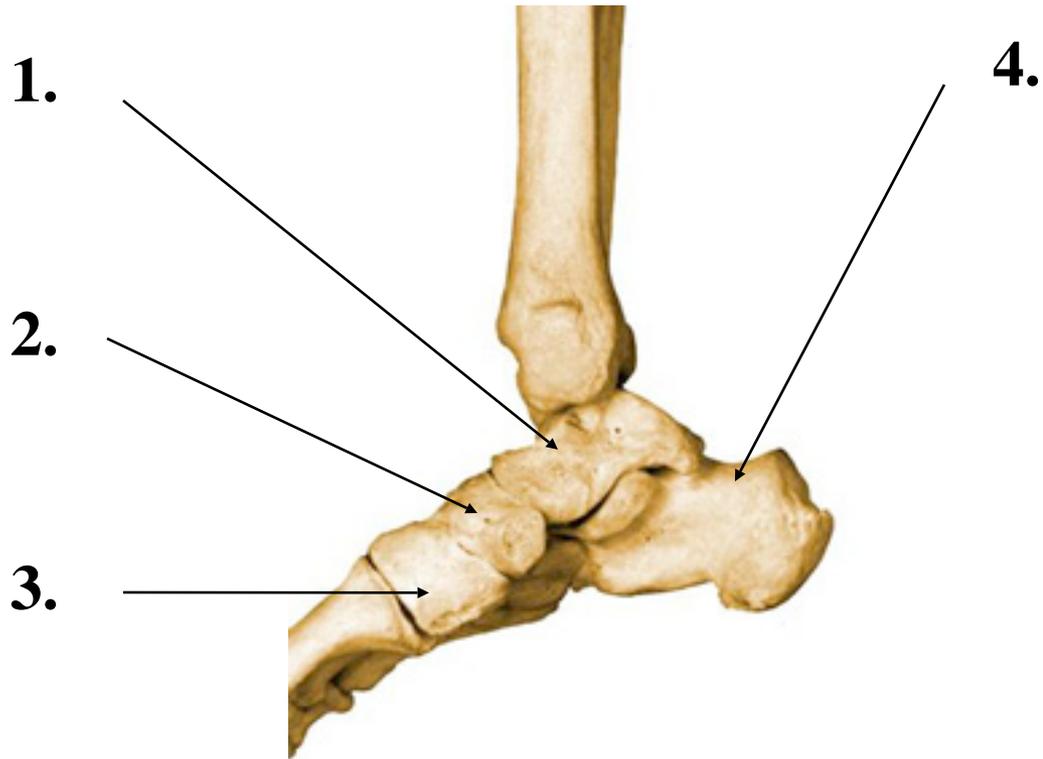
- 6 is the...?
- Second Cuneiform
- 7 is the...?
- Third Cuneiform
- 8 is the...?
- First metatarsal
- 9 is the...?
- Proximal phalange
- 10 is the...?
- Middle phalange
- 11 is the...?
- Distal phalange



- Name the landmark

Lateral Malleolus

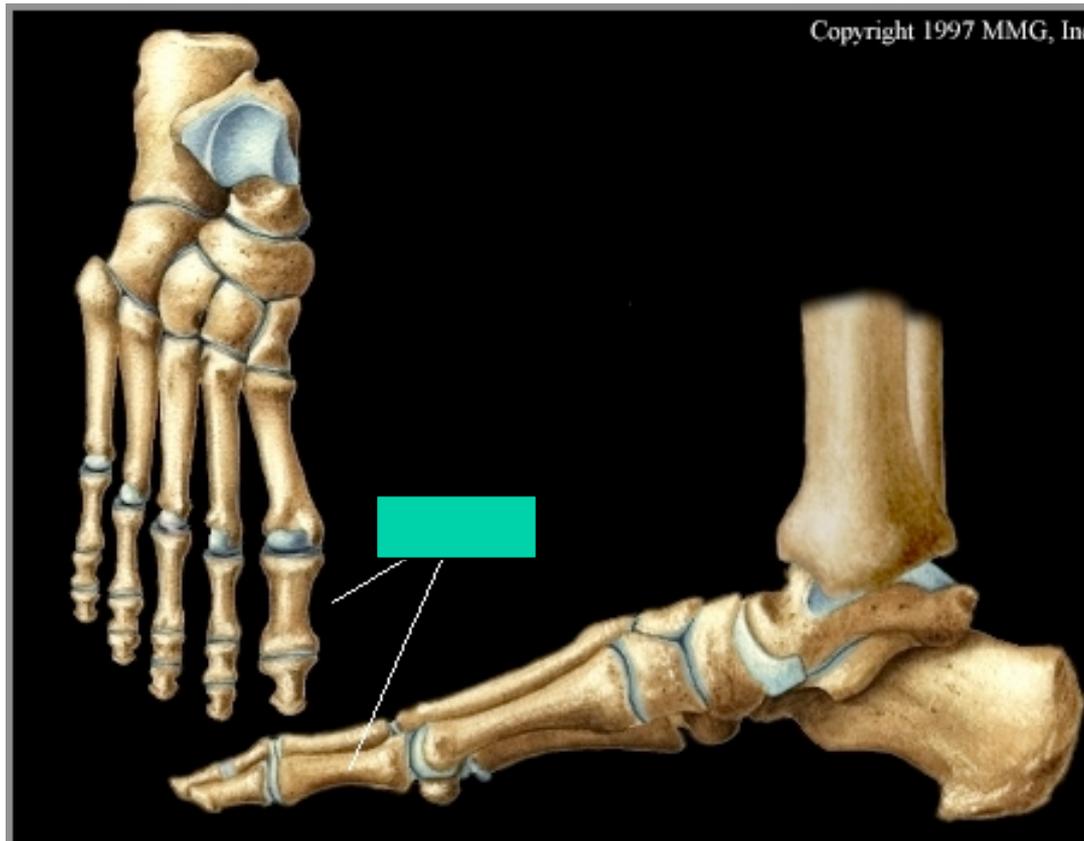




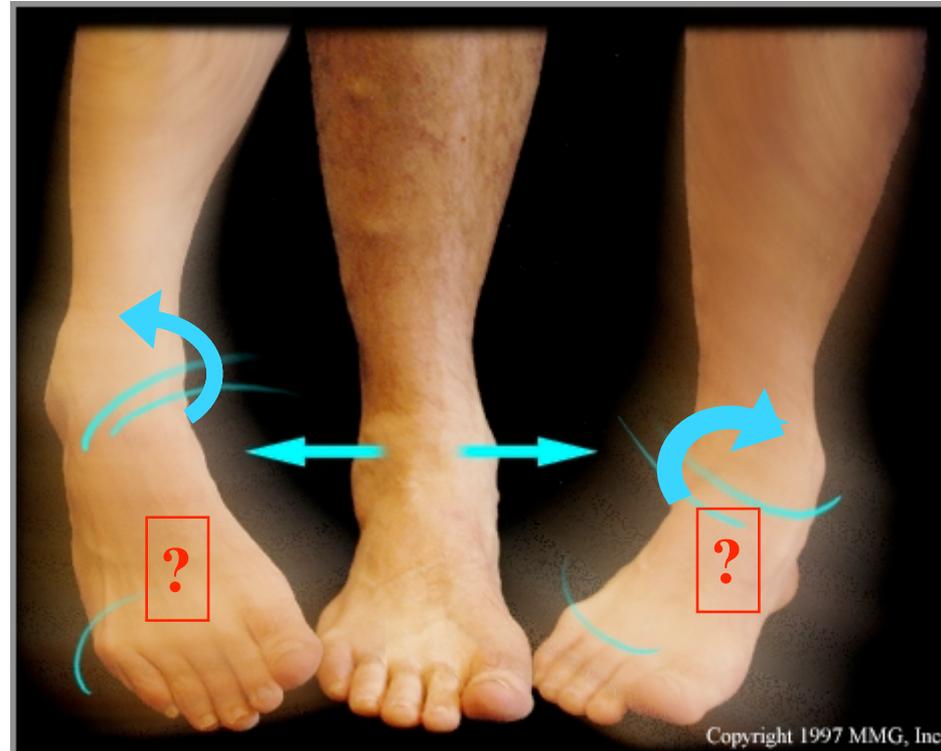
Medial view

- 1?**
Talus
- 2?**
Navicular
- 3?**
1st Cuneiform
- 4?**
Calcaneous

What term refers to the great toe? Hallux or Hallicus



Name the actions



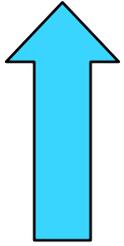
Inversion

Eversion

Name the two movements at the toes

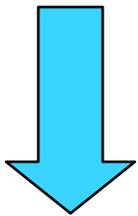
- Toe flexion
- Toe extension

Dorsi Flexion



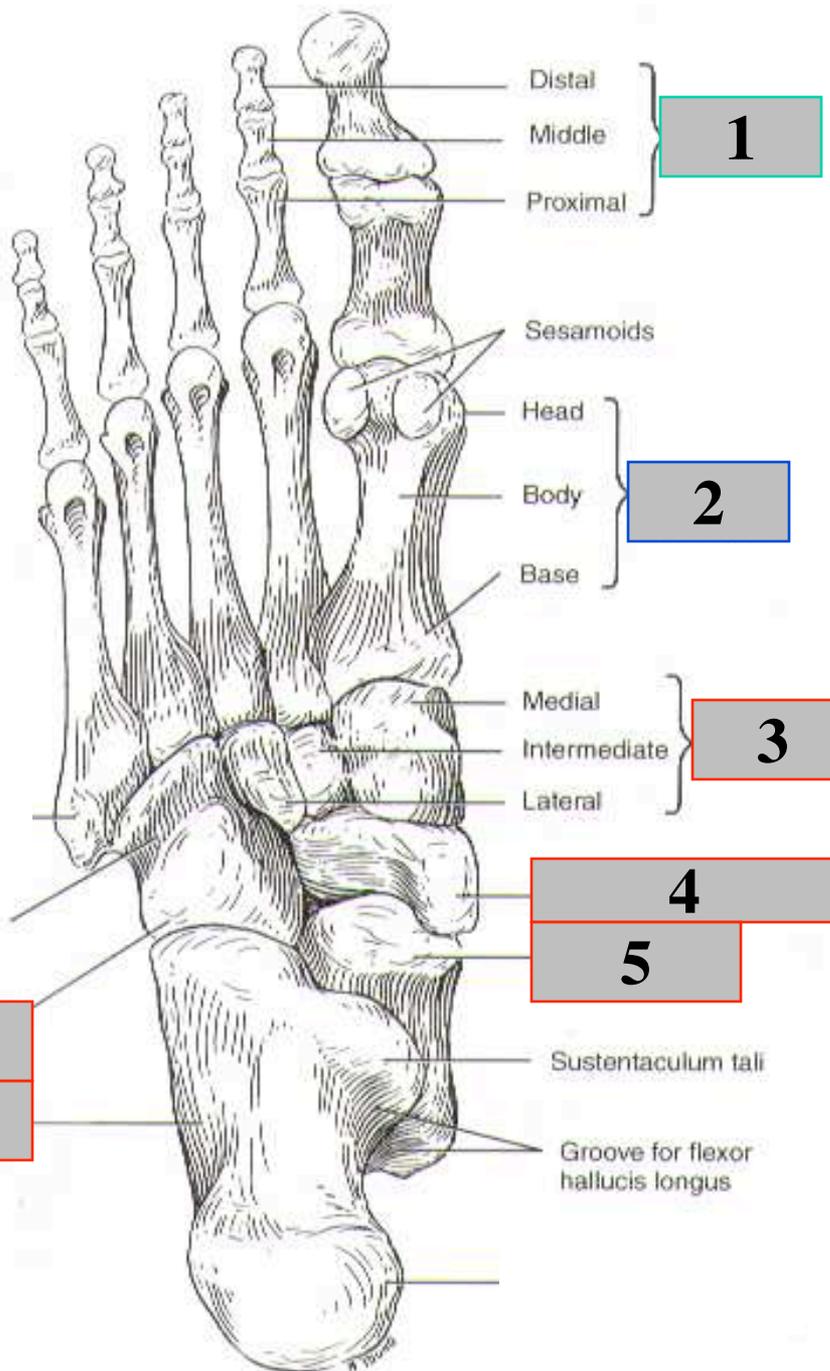
1. Name the action

2. Name the action



Plantar Flexion

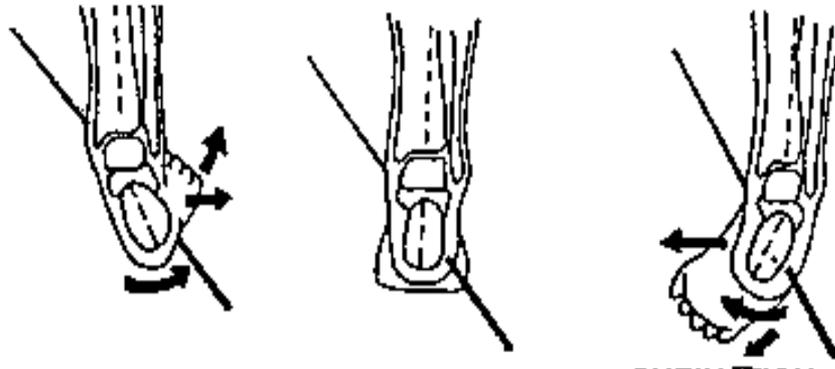




1. Phalanges
2. Metatarsals
3. Cuneiforms
4. Navicular
5. Talus
6. Cuboid
7. Calcaneus

- Name the landmark





**Name the actions of the ankle to
the left and the ankle to the right.**

Eversion

Inversion

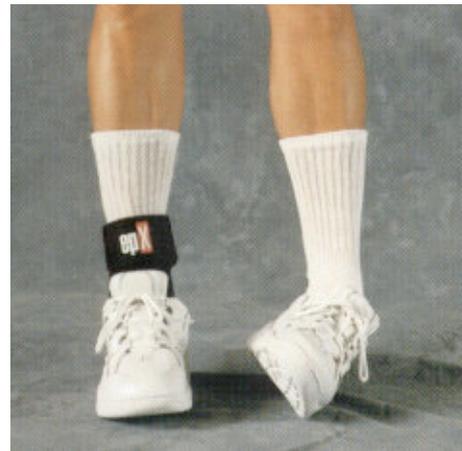
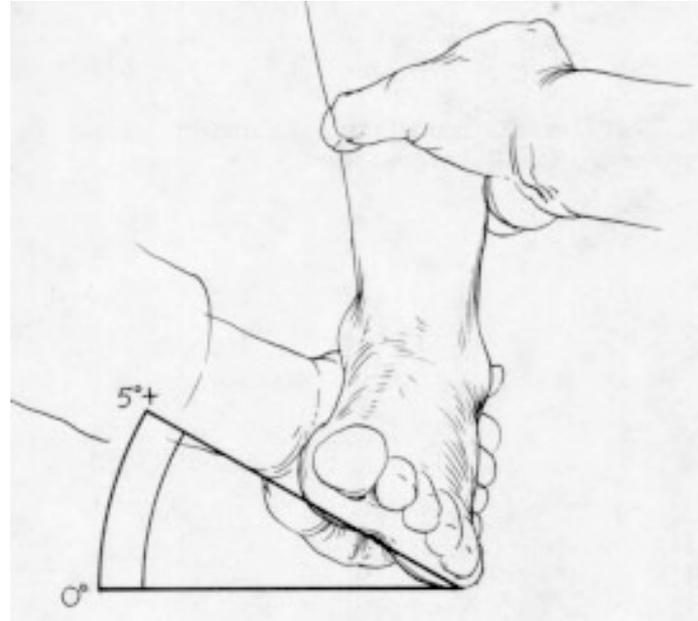
Name the action

- Plantar flexion



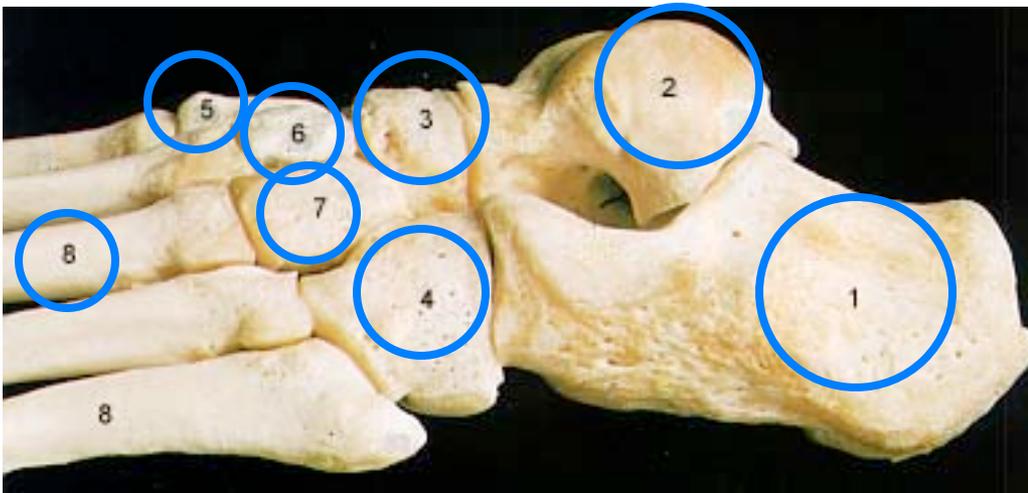
Name the action

- Inversion



- Name them all

1. Calcaneus
2. Talus
3. Navicular
4. Cuboid
5. First Cuneiform
6. Second Cuneiform
7. Third Cuneiform
8. Third Metatarsal (and Fifth Metatarsal)



Name the action at the ankle joint.

- Plantar flexion
- Name the action at the metatarsal phalange joint
- Extension or Hyperextension

